

be:easy
be:clean
be:timeless

**furniture care &
maintenance guide**

bejot:

furniture care & maintenance guide

Congratulations on choosing a piece of furniture from Bejot! To ensure optimum use of the product and its long-lasting functionality, please read these instructions for use.

instructions for use

- Do not use sharp tools while unpacking to avoid damaging the furniture surface.
- When moving the furniture, grasp and lift it only by the lower structural elements. Do not carry the furniture by upholstered elements such as cushions or armrests.
- Furniture should be used according to their intended use. Sitting on the backrests and armrests of furniture is not allowed.
- Furniture should be kept in dry, enclosed rooms. Excessive exposure to sunlight may cause fabric discoloration.
- It is recommended to use upholstered furniture in rooms temperatures between 15°C and 30°C and humidity between 40% and 70%.
- Furniture should be located at least 1 m away from direct heat sources (e.g. radiators or fireplaces).
- Do not place hot dishes or drinks directly on the furniture.
- The natural process occurring on the surface of upholstered furniture is the formation of wrinkles and corrugations, especially on seats and backrests. This is caused by standard use, i.e. prolonged stress on the fabric or leather and contact with humidity and human body heat. For this reason, wrinkles and corrugations are not considered product defects and are not subject to complaints.

cleaning and maintenance

Bejot products are made of high quality materials. To ensure long-term use of upholstered furniture, special care should be taken during cleaning. It is important to observe specific cleaning methods- for different surfaces.

vacuuming

Regular vacuuming of upholstered furniture is essential for long-term material use. However, excessive friction should be avoided to prevent fiber damage.



Never pour cleaning solution directly onto the upholstery (the manufacturer is not responsible for any damage incurred if the liquid is applied directly to the fabric surface).

Always perform a cleaning test on invisible, hidden areas, preferably from the back of the furniture.

Do not use chemicals!

Instead of using chemically neutral soap, you can try a readily available, certified upholstery, wood, or metal cleaning agent following the instructions provided for the use of this agent.

fabrics

- In case of stains, act promptly.
- Remove stains with a white, soft, dry cleaning cloth or paper towel.
- Remove residue stains with a white, soft cotton cleaning cloth lightly moistened with water and neutral soap.
- Clean the stain from the outer edge towards the center to prevent spreading.
- Do not rub to prevent spreading or penetration of the stain into the fabric.
- Use only non-dyed cleaning cloths or well-wrung sponges to remove stains.
- Rinse the cleaning cloth or sponge in clean water and then squeeze it very well.
- After cleaning, dry the stained area with a white, cotton cleaning cloth.
- Do not use the furniture until the upholstery is completely dry.
- For velour fabrics, gently comb the surface with a soft, clean brush along the direction of the hair.

leather

- In case of stains, act promptly.
- Remove stains using a white, soft, dry cleaning cloth or paper towel.
- Remove residue stains with a white, soft cotton cleaning cloth dampened with a solution consisting of 50% water and 50% alcohol, or with a readily available, certified leather cleaning agent, following the instructions –provided for the use of this agent.
- After removing the stain, dry the upholstery by wiping it gently.
- Do not use the furniture until the upholstery is completely dry.
- Leather requires protection from harmful factors, such as sweat, grease, cosmetics, dust, household chemicals or just plain dryness. Therefore, leather should be maintained with special care products that create a protective coating, resistant to water and oil substances.

artificial leather

- In case of stains, act promptly.
- Immediately remove stains using a white, soft, dry cleaning cloth or paper towel.
- Remove residue stains with a white, soft cotton cleaning cloth dampened with water and neutral soap.
- Wash off with a cloth using clean lukewarm water, wipe dry.
- Cleaning should be done regularly, as pigments from stains of various origins penetrate the structure of synthetic leather over time.
- Do not use the furniture until the upholstery is completely dry.
- Cleaning artificial leather with alcohol-containing agents can cause stiffening and permanent damage.

membranes

- In case of stains, act promptly.
- Remove stains using a white, soft, dry cleaning cloth.
- Remove residue stains with a white, soft cotton cleaning cloth lightly moistened with water and neutral soap.
- After removing the stain, dry the upholstery by gently wiping it with a dry cleaning cloth.
- Do not clean with chemicals.

metals

- In case of stains, act promptly.
- Remove stains using a white, soft, dry cleaning cloth or paper towel.
- Remove residue stains with a white, soft cotton cleaning cloth lightly moistened with water and neutral soap.
- Avoid hot solutions.
- It is recommended to perform a test on a small area painted with paint.
- Do not clean with chemicals.

plastic

- In case of stains, act promptly.
- Remove stains and dirt with a white, soft and damp cleaning cloth.
- Avoid using dry cloths, as rubbing may cause electrostatic charging of the surface and attract dust.
- Remove residue stains with a white, soft cotton cleaning cloth lightly moistened with water and neutral soap.
- Any abrasive substances such as powdered detergents, abrasive pastes or rough sponges should be strictly avoided, as they may scratch the surface.
- Do not clean with chemicals – especially acetone, trichloroethylene, ammonia or detergents containing– even a small amount of these substances.

wood

- In case of stains, act promptly.
- Remove stains using a white, soft, dry cleaning cloth or paper towel. Do not use materials with a rough or hard surface, as this may cause scratches.
- Remove residue stains with a white, soft cotton cleaning cloth lightly moistened with warm water and neutral soap.
- After cleaning, dry the stained area with a white, cotton cleaning cloth.
- It is not recommended to use oily creams on lacquered wood furniture, as they contribute to the dulling of the varnish.
- After cleaning, wooden furniture should be preserved with mild products for the maintenance of wooden furniture, following the manufacturer's notes and recommendations given on the packaging.

veneer

- In case of stains, act promptly.
- Remove stains using a white, soft, dry cleaning cloth or paper towel. Do not use materials with a rough or hard surface, as this may cause scratches.

- Remove residue stains with a white, soft cotton cleaning cloth lightly moistened with warm water and neutral soap.
- After cleaning, dry the stained area with a white, cotton cleaning cloth.
- It is not recommended to use oily creams on veneered wooden furniture, as they contribute to the dulling of the varnish.
- After cleaning, veneered furniture should be preserved with mild products for the maintenance of wooden furniture, following the manufacturer's notes and recommendations given on the packaging.

laminated board

- In case of stains, act promptly.
- Remove stains using a white, soft, dry cleaning cloth or paper towel. Do not use materials with a rough or hard surface, as this may cause scratches.
- Remove residue stains with a white, soft cotton cleaning cloth lightly moistened with warm water and neutral soap.
- After cleaning, dry the stained area with a white, cotton cleaning cloth to prevent streaks.
- To avoid and remove already existing drying marks or streaks, window cleaning products are suitable.

carpet

- Regularly vacuum the carpet.
- In case of stains, act promptly.
- Remove stains with a white, soft, dry cleaning cloth or paper towel.
- Remove residue stains with a white, soft cotton cleaning cloth lightly moistened with water and neutral soap.
- Clean the stain from the outer edge towards the center to prevent spreading.
- Do not rub to prevent spreading or penetration of the stain into the fabric.
- Use only non-dyed cleaning cloths or well-wrung sponges to remove stains.
- Rinse the cleaning cloth or sponge in clean water and then squeeze it very well.
- After cleaning, dry the stained area with a white, cotton cleaning cloth.
- Do not use the furniture until the upholstery is completely dry.
- For velour fabrics, gently comb the surface with a soft, clean brush along the direction of the hair.

warranty

Any repairs must be carried out by qualified personnel only.

Warranty terms and conditions for Bejot products can be found at www.bejot.eu.

fabrics

1 price group:

• bond

composition: 100% polyester

cleaning:    

• fenno






composition: 100% polyester

cleaning:     

• keimo

surface: 100% c

basic material: 65% polyester, 35% cotton

cleaning:     

• sawana

composition: 100% polyester

cleaning:     

2 price group:

• alpa

composition: 95% polyester, 5% acryl

cleaning:     






- **charles / charles studio design**

composition: 100% polyester

cleaning:     

- **cura**

composition: 98% recycled polyester, 2% polyester

cleaning:     

- **hush**

composition: 80% polyester, 20% viscose

cleaning: the fabric should be vacuumed regularly

- **pastel**

composition: 100% polyester Trevira® CS

cleaning:    

- **roccia**

composition: 100% polyester Trevira® CS

cleaning:    

- **valencia**

surface: 100% vinyl

basic material: 100% polyester Hi-Loft 2™

cleaning:     

3 price group:

- **ally**

composition: 85% wool, 15% polyamide

cleaning:     

- **blazer**

composition: 100% virgin wool

cleaning: dry

- **easy**

composition: 85% wool, 15% polyamide

cleaning:     

- **oceanic**

composition: 100% post-consumer recycled polyester (including 50% Sequal yam)

cleaning:    

- **rhythm**

composition: 100% polyester flame retardant

cleaning:     

- **silvertex / silvertex studio design**

surface: 100% vinyl

basic material: 100% polyester Hi-Loft 2™

cleaning:     

- **synergy / synergy studio design**

composition: 95% virgin wool, 5% polyamide

cleaning: dry

4 price group:

- **leather**













cleaning: dry

- **heritage studio design**


– Dobby, Stitch, Tailor, Tint, Tuck

composition: 85% wool, 15% polyamide

cleaning:     



- Blend
composition: 90% wool, 10% polyamide
cleaning:    (P) 
- Kipper
composition: 88% wool, 12% polyamide
cleaning:    (P) 
- Botany, Medio, Pelo
composition: 89% wool, 11% polyamide
cleaning:    (P) 

- **remix studio design**

composition: 90% wool, 10% nylon
cleaning:    (P) 

5 price group:

- **steelcut trio studio design**

composition: 90% wool, 10% polyamide
cleaning:    (P) 

membranes

- **batyline**

composition: 100% polyester/PVC

- **mesh O**

composition: 56% polyelastomer/44% polyester

- **mesh T**

composition: 100% polyester

- **mesh M**

composition: 66% polyester, 34% polyamide

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